Navigating FamilySearch

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Explain pros and cons of shared genealogy, sources, images, and a wiki which anyone can edit?

- I. Three ways to open FamilySearch.
 - A. by clicking on a shortcut link
 - B. by typing in the URL address box: familysearch.org
 - C. from a Google search
- II. Opening a free FamilySearch account, and then signing-in.
 - A. Start with the [Free Account] button in the upper-right corner.
 - B. If you are LDS, you will need your membership record number (see your ward clerk).
 - C. Tip: you <u>must</u> activate your account by clicking a link found in your e-mail.
 - D. The [Sign-In] tab is in the upper-right corner. If you sign-in you can contribute/edit data.
- III. Find these parts of FamilySearch, and explain their primary uses.
 - A. **Family Tree**: (1) to create an increasingly more accurate, well-documented common pedigree, .(2) for LDS accounts: help submit names for proxy temple ordinances.
 - B. Memories shares photos, stories, documents, and audio.
 - C. Search
 - 1. Historical records—original sources some indexed, some digitized, and some both
 - 2. Genealogies—compiled Ancestral File, Pedigree Resource File, IGI, Community Tree
 - 3. Catalog—primarily from the Family History Library
 - 4. Books (digitized) from Family History Library, Allen County Public Library, et. al.
 - 5. Wiki—a how-to-research ancestors encyclopedia by places and genealogical topics.
 - D. **Indexing** volunteer to index digitized genealogical sources to help other researchers.
 - E. **Get help** (varies by tab you are on when you click Get Help) FAQs, Learning Center (100s of teaching videos), getting started, handouts and guides, contact us
 - 1. Family History Center help (Get Help > Help Center > Family History Center)
 - 2. Mobile Apps help (Get Help > Help Center > Mobile)
 - 3. Partners help (Get Help > Help Center > Partners)
 - 4. *Learning Center* video courses
 - 5. What's New (in Get Help pull down menu) vs. What's New (Family Tree tab)
 - F. FamilySearch Blog (in footer) general genealogy and FamilySearch products blog
 - G. Feedback (in footer) to fix problems, and My Cases (in Get Help) to view progress.
 - H. **FT Support** (at the Family History Library on B2) problems with ordinances, live/dead, merge/delete, pre-1500 people, or Jewish Holocaust problems.
- IV. Research Strategies—Only rookies give up if the first search fails.
 - Look for spelling variations—see Wiki Guessing a Name Variation.
 - To narrow the search results list, add additional search term data.
 - To expand the search results list, delete some of the search term data.
 - A. Tree (Find: Refine, New, Advanced)
 - 1. Landscape view—pedigree left to right
 - 2. Portrait view—pedigree bottom to top
 - 3. Fan Chart view—radial pedigree from hub to outside edges
 - 4. Descendancy view—up to four generations of descendants
 - B. Memories: photos, stories, documents, and audios.

- C. Historical Records—billions of records help to uncover an ancestor's life history.
 - 1. **Refine** (Caution: results lists may differ!) Use **Reset** frequently.
 - 2. to limit search to one place:.Use **Restrict Records by Location** filter under the name.
 - 3. to limit search to one source: Browse All Published Collections then select the title
- D. Genealogies (compiled): filters: Ancestral File, Ped Res File, IGI, or Community Trees
- E. Community Trees—emphasis on locality-based compiled genealogy
- F. FamilySearch Catalog by place, surname, title, author, subject, keyword, call #, film #
 - 1. individual searches
 - 2. combined searches
- G. Books—search by surname, and sometimes add the state where they settled.
- H. Wiki
 - 1. by place (town, county, state, province, or nation)
 - 2. by topic (ethnic, political or religious groups)
 - 3. by category
- V. Editing and contributing to FamilySearch Tree
 - A. Editing Tree from the right side menu
 - 1. Tree person **Record Hints**—potential sources our computer thinks probably match
 - 2. Tree person **Research Help**—you ask the computer to go hunt for potential sources
 - 3. Tree person Possible Duplicates—Caution: Merge VS. Not a Match VS. do nothing
 - 4. Tree person nuclear annihilation option of last resort: **Delete Person** is to be avoided because it makes attached ordinance information vanish—prefer **Merge**.
 - 5. Tree *couple* **Delete Relationship**—without erasing people, it detaches from a spouse
 - B. Adding data and editing a Tree person from her or his various windows:
 - 1. in Vital Information window: +Add, and > Open Details in order to Edit
 - 2. in Other Information window: +Add: by category, or Custom Event, or Custom Fact
 - 3. in *Famly Members* window: +Add Spouse and +Add Parent and +Add Child and +Add Child with an Unknown Mother
 - 4. in Family Members window hover over child's name to Edit Parents
 - 5. in Family Members window EDIT COUPLE allows you to add marriage related events
 - C. Sources. Why bother?—It is the most valuable part of your work to other researchers.
 - 1. in FamilySearch Tree Person window > Sources window
 - a. Open Details in Sources to View, to Edit, or to Detach a source
- DEMO b. Create a New Source for creating a new source citation from scratch
 - c. Attach from Source Box for linking the same source to multiple events or people
- DEMO 2. attach from Historical Records: > Details > Attach to Family Tree
 - 3. attach from Ancestry > Save (or Screen Print) then upload to Memories, or cite URL
 - 4. attach from cell phone (or other digital images) upload to Memories, or cite URL
- SHOW 5. hack: first upload an image to Memories, then use that URL as its source citation link
 - V. Contributing to other parts of FamilySearch
 - A. Genealogies: contributing GEDCOM files, or a Community Tree.
 - B. Memories: how to **Upload** and **Tag** and **Attach** photos, stories, documents, or an audio,
 - C. Research Wiki: contribute or edit a Wiki page—see Wiki . Help:Contributor Help.
 - D. Indexing: a way to give back to the genealogy community.
- VI. Apps (like Puzzilla): ♦ https://familysearch.org/products/ and ♦ https://familysearch.org/blog/en/partner-certification-newsmarch-2015/ and
 - ♦https://familysearch.org/blog/en/partner-newsapril/